MOD3-MW300-Antepartum Complications

1.  All of the following are risk factors associated with IUGR <u>except</u>:
    a.  Macrosomia
    b.  Maternal alcohol use
    c.  Renal disease
    d.  Maternal diabetes

2.  The condition termed polyhydramnios is commonly associated with:
    a.  Elevated liver enzymes and hypertension
    b.  Maternal diabetes and multiple pregnancy
    c.  Trisomy 18 and IUGR
    d.  Fetal renal and hepatic malformation

3.  Which of the following is TRUE about a Hydatidiform mole?
    a.  It is a fetal anomaly
    b.  It is characterized by a low hCG levels in the blood stream
    c.  It is the formation of a large mass of fluid filled cysts
    d.  It is a result of a genetic variant carried in the maternal DNA

4.  The following are true about ectopic pregnancy except:
    a.   Ectopic pregnancy is a pregnancy that occurs whenever the blastocyst implants anywhere except in the endometrium of the uterine cavity.
    b.  Possible sites include:  cervix, fallopian tubes, ovaries, and abdomen.
    c.  Early diagnosis is important for fetal survival
    d.  95% are tubal.

5.  Asymptomatic bacteriuria, cystitis and acute pyelonephritis are common during pregnancy.  The following are true, except:
    a.  Urinary stasis contributes to the prevalence of UTIs in pregnancy
    b.  It is imperative that women not drink so much that their bladders are overextended in pregnancy.
    c.  Teaching hygiene, such as wiping from front to back is one way to help prevent UTI.
    d.  The most effective way to confirm an asymptomatic UTI is by a urine culture.

6.  Which of the following is NOT an antepartum risk associated with multiple pregnancy?
    a.  Polyhydramnios
    b.  Prematurity
    c.  Twin-to-twin transfusion
    d.  Oligohydramnios

7. Which of the following is a possible result of hyperemesis gravidarum?
    a. Electrolyte imbalance
    b. Elevated blood pressure
    c. Elevated liver enzymes
    d. Glucosuria


8. Maternal Rubella infection during the first trimester is associated with which of the following?
    a. Premature rupture of membranes
    b. 50% chance of congenital defects of the fetus
    c. Fetal rash and fever
    d. Swollen neck glands of the fetus at birth


9. Iron deficient anemia is defined by which of the following values?
    a. HGB 12 and HCT 36
    b. HGB 11 and HCT 33
    c. HGB 10 and HCT 30
    d. HGB 12 and HCT 30


10. Which of the following symptoms is NOT associated with preeclampsia?
    a. Proteinuria
    b. Elevated blood pressure
    c. Low platelets
    d. Hematuria